

Rapport d'activité Activity Report 2015-2016





Pierre du Bois

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Le Conseil de Fondation Foundation Board



Irina du Bois Présidente de la Fondation Pierre du Bois pour l'histoire du temps présent*

Irina du Bois est ingénieurchimiste de l'Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Suisse. Elle est aussi titulaire d'un MA en Histoire Internationale de l'Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement à Genève et d'un BA ès lettres de l'Université de Genève. Elle a fait toute sa carrière chez Nestlé (Nestec SA) où elle a été successivement Sous-directeur, chef des Affaires réglementaires (1986-1991), puis Directeur adjoint, chef des Affaires réglementaires et de l'environnement (1991-2004) et, jusqu'en 2010, Directeur adjoint, chef des Affaires réglementaires et scientifiques.

Entre 2010 et 2014, Irina du Bois a été membre du Conseil d'Administration de Givaudan SA. ■

* depuis septembre 2016



Philippe Pidoux Conseiller national de 1983-1999 – Conseiller d'Etat du canton de Vaud de 1986-1994

M^e Philippe Pidoux est Docteur en droit de l'Université de Lausanne et Master of comparative jurisprudence de University of Texas, USA. Il est titulaire d'un brevet d'avocat.

Après une activité politique (membre du Conseil national jusqu'en 1999 et du Conseil d'Etat du canton de Vaud jusqu'en 1994), puis économique (vice-président de la Banque Nationale Suisse jusqu'en 2003, viceprésident de la Zurich Insurance jusqu'en 2010 et président de Publi-Groupe jusqu'en 2009), M^e Pidoux a rejoint l'Etude Bourgeois Avocats à Lausanne. Il a été président de la Fondation Pierre du Bois pour l'histoire du temps présent de septembre 2014 à septembre 2016.



Philippe Burrin Directeur de l'Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement à Genève

Le professeur Philippe Burrin est directeur de l'Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement à Genève. Ses principaux domaines d'intérêt et de recherche sont l'histoire générale des relations internationales, les idéologies, mouvements et régimes politiques en comparaison internationale, les querres et les occupations militaires, les violences de masse et les génocides. Philippe Burrin a été professeur ou chercheur invité à l'Institut d'études politiques de Paris (Chaire Elie Halévy), au Center for European Studies de l'Université de Harvard, à la Johann Wolfgang Goethe-Universität de Francfort, au Wissenschaftskolleg zu Berlin, et à All Souls College à l'Université d'Oxford.

La Fondation Pierre du Bois The Pierre du Bois Foundation

Voici le quatrième rapport d'activité de la Fondation Pierre du Bois pour l'histoire du temps présent. La Fondation a été créée en 2008 à la suite de la disparition de mon mari, Pierre du Bois, qui nous a quittés, à 64 ans, le 23 juin 2007, prématurément, infiniment douloureusement. Pierre du Bois était historien et, pendant ses quinze dernières années, professeur d'histoire et de politique internationales à l'Institut de hautes études internationales à Genève, spécialiste de l'intégration européenne et des relations internationales contemporaines.

Passionné par l'histoire du temps présent, Pierre du Bois voulait créer cette fondation et avait, depuis fort longtemps déjà, formulé ses objectifs: susciter et soutenir des recherches sur l'histoire du temps présent et mettre à la disposition des étudiants et des chercheurs, des livres, revues et documents nécessaires à leurs recherches. Sa disparition prématurée l'a empêché de réaliser lui-même ces objectifs...

Ce quatrième rapport rend compte des activités de la Fondation en 2015 et 2016. Son programme est désormais bien établi: nous avons offert des bourses d'excellence à des jeunes chercheurs; nous avons soutenu l'organisation de colloques et de la conférence annuelle Pierre du Bois; le Prix annuel Pierre du Bois a récompensé une très bonne thèse de doctorat en histoire; deux Professeurs invités d'Amérique latine ont enseigné à l'Institut; des travaux issus des derniers colloques soutenus par la Fondation ont été publiés. Enfin, le réseau de jeunes «chercheurs associés» ne cesse de croître: les anciens, qui avaient participé à la création de la Fondation, ont pris leur envol mais restent fidèles, et de nouveaux jeunes historiens nous rejoignent.

La plupart de ces activités ont été réalisées en partenariat avec l'Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement à Genève. Je voudrais rendre hommage à son directeur, le professeur Philippe Burrin, pour son soutien constant, ferme et amical et pour ses initiatives brillantes et visionnaires. Ma gratitude va également aux professeurs et jeunes chercheurs ainsi qu'à tous les amis à l'Institut qui ont rendu possibles nos manifestations. Enfin, un immense merci à M^e Philippe Pidoux, membre du Conseil, qui a présidé la Fondation de septembre 2014 à septembre 2016.

Nous commémorerons en 2018 le dixième anniversaire de la Fondation et sommes en train de préparer un programme innovant qui nous guidera pendant les années à venir. Plus que jamais, nous espérons aussi pouvoir compter sur vous, un vaste réseau d'amis qui partagent la passion qu'avait Pierre du Bois pour l'histoire du temps présent et son engagement actif et optimiste en faveur des jeunes chercheurs. This is the fourth Activity Report of the Pierre du Bois Foundation for Current History. The Foundation was established in 2008 and bears the name of my husband, Pierre du Bois, who left us prematurely, to our immense sadness, on 23 June 2007. He was 64.

Pierre du Bois was a historian and Professor of International History and Politics at the Graduate Institute of International and Development Studies in Geneva in the last fifteen years of his life. He was a specialist in European integration and contemporary International Relations.

Passionate about current history, Pierre du Bois wished to create this Foundation and had outlined its objectives long ago: to promote and support research in current history, and to provide students and researchers with access to relevant books, journals and documents necessary for their research. Due to his premature passing, he was unable to realize these objectives himself.

This fourth Report details the activities of 2015 and 2016. Over the years, the activities of the Foundation have become well established: we have offered scholarships of excellence to young researchers; we have supported the organization of conferences and the annual Pierre du Bois Lecture; the annual Pierre du Bois Prize was granted to an outstanding thesis in current history; and two Pierre du Bois Visiting Professors from Latin America were invited to teach at the Graduate Institute. Several conferences supported by the Foundation have produced publications. It is encouraging to see the continued growth of a network of young "research associates" including those who helped to create the Foundation and have, despite their own careers, remained faithful, as well as those who have joined us more recently.

Most of these activities were carried out in partnership with the Graduate Institute of International and Development Studies. I am hugely indebted to its Director, Professor Philippe Burrin, for his unwavering and amiable support, and his visionary initiatives. My appreciation goes also to the professors and young researchers, and to all our other friends at the Institute, who have made the Foundation's activities possible. Finally, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to M^e Philippe Pidoux, a member of the Board, who was President of the Foundation between September 2014 and September 2016.

In 2018 we shall celebrate the tenth anniversary of the Foundation and are currently preparing an innovative program for the years to come. Now more than ever, we hope we may count on you, our vast network of friends who share Pierre du Bois' passion for current history and his active and optimistic engagement for the benefit of young researchers.

Les chercheurs associés Research Associates

Un groupe de jeunes docteurs et de doctorants, dont certains avaient travaillé avec Pierre du Bois, s'est constitué autour de la Fondation depuis sa création. Ils participent à l'établissement et à la réalisation de son programme d'activités et ils prêtent main forte à l'organisation des colloques et des conférences. Nombreux parmi eux sont les auteurs de «Papiers d'actualité/ Current Affairs in Perspective». Ce réseau de «chercheurs associés» aspire à croître et à contribuer au développement de la Fondation et au rayonnement du «hub» d'histoire de Genève.



Dr Anne-Sophie Bentz

Anne-Sophie est Maître de conférences en Histoire de l'Asie du Sud à l'Université Paris Diderot. Elle est docteur en histoire et politique internationales de l'Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement à Genève (IHEID) et a obtenu en 2010 le Prix Pierre du Bois pour sa thèse intitulée *Le nationalisme et l'exil: le cas des réfugiés tibétains en Inde* (PUF, 2010). Ses travaux de recherche et ses nombreuses publications portent sur les théories de la nation et du nationalisme, les migrations internationales, les réfugiés et les diasporas, et les relations internationales en Asie.



Dr Bernhard Blumenau

Bernhard holds a PhD and MA in International History from the IHEID and a BA in International Relations from the University of Dresden. He is currently a Lecturer at the Centre for the Study of Terrorism and Political Violence (CSTPV) in the School of International Relations of the University of St Andrews, Scotland. His interests include the history of terrorism, International Organizations and terrorism, and state terrorism as well as German foreign politics and history, the Cold War, and transatlantic relations. Bernhard is the author, among others, of *The United Nations and Terrorism. Germany, Multilateralism and Antiterrorism Efforts in the 1970s* (Palgrave, 2014).



Dr Pierre-Étienne Bourneuf

Pierre-Étienne a obtenu son doctorat auprès de l'IHEID. Sa thèse a été publiée sous le titre Bombarder l'Allemagne. L'Offensive alliée sur les villes pendant la Deuxième Guerre mondiale (PUF, 2014). Il a aussi co-dirigé l'ouvrage collectif Europe Twenty Years after the End of the Cold War/L'Europe vingt ans après la fin de la guerre froide (Peter Lang, 2012) issu du colloque organisé par l'IHEID et la Fondation Pierre du Bois en 2010. Ses recherches portent sur le maintien de la paix et l'histoire des organisations internationales. Il travaille actuellement à un projet de publication sur l'histoire de la Société des Nations.



Andrea Chiampan

Andrea is a PhD Candidate at the Graduate Institute, and is currently an SNSF visiting student at the University of Cambridge. Previously, he was the recipient of the Agnese N. Haury fellowship at New York University and a visiting research student at LSE IDEAS. His research interests include the history of the Cold War, US foreign policy, and the history of nuclear weapons, arms control and nuclear proliferation.



Dr Emmanuel Dalle Mulle

Emmanuel Dalle Mulle is an SNSF post-doctoral researcher at Universitat Pompeu Fabra, Barcelona, where he is working on a project on the "Cultural Premises of Welfare Producerism in Catalonia, Flanders and Northern Italy". He obtained his PhD in International History and Politics at the Graduate Institute and was awarded the Pierre du Bois Prize in 2016. His research interests include Western European nationalist parties, welfare nationalism, minority-majority relations, and separatism.



Dr Basil Germond

Shaloma completed her PhD entitled "International Organizations and their Operations Relating to the Supervision and Administration of State-Building (1919-1964)" at the Graduate Institute in 2015. From 2009-2012, she worked for a project entitled "From Relief to Rehabilitation," funded by the SNSF. Her research interests include the mandates system of the League of Nations, the trusteeship system of the United Nations, state-building initiatives carried out by the United Nations, humanitarian intervention, and peacekeeping operations.

Basil is Senior Lecturer at Lancaster University. He is Director for the MA programmes in Diplomacy and International Relations, as well as Distance-learning Director. An expert

Dr Shaloma Gauthier

tional humanitaire et pénal à l'Université Champollion d'Albi. Ses recherches portent aussi sur les questions de sécurité et de désarmement.

Dr Aude Gata Détentrice d'un Master de l'Université de droit d'Aix-en-Provence et d'un autre à l'IHEID, et titulaire du diplôme d'avocat, Aude a soutenu sa thèse intitulée «Les armes de destruction massive. Essai critique sur une notion à géométrie variable» à Aix-en-Provence. Elle

enseigne actuellement le droit constitutionnel, le droit européen ainsi que le droit interna-

Julieta Rosario Falcón-Salgado Julieta holds a BA in International Relations from El Colegio de México (2004) and a Master in International History and Politics from the Graduate Institute (2013). She is currently pursuing a PhD in History at El Colegio de México (2015 - 2019). Her research interests encompass the history of international institutions, Latin American diplomatic history and

the history of public health in Latin America, Europe and Asia throughout the 19th and 20th

Dr Dominic Eggel Dominic holds a PhD in International History and Politics from the IHEID. His thesis on "The Idea of Europe in Classical Weimar: The Case of Goethe, Schiller, Herder and Wieland" was awarded the Latsis Prize of the University of Geneva and the Pierre du Bois Prize in 2011. Dominic's research focuses on the history of ideas and political thought, historiography particularly Enlightenment and early universal histories – as well as identity and alterity in

Dr Sabina Donati

early modern Europe.

centuries.

Sabina is the author of the book A Political History of National Citizenship and Identity in Italy, 1861-1950, published by Stanford University Press in 2013. She presented her research at the University of London - Institute of Historical Research, UK (December 2015), as well as at the Università degli Studi di Trento - School of International Studies, Italy, for a Conference on Empires after the First World War (May 2016). Her latest article on Italian imperialism was published in The Historical Journal by Cambridge University Press in 2016.













Dr Céline Germond-Duret

Céline is a Senior Lecturer in Human Geography at Liverpool John Moores University. She is a Critical Geographer specialized in development and political processes. Her research interests include sustainability, discourse analysis and political ecology, the human geography of the marine environment, the blue growth narrative, and indigenous peoples. Her latest publications investigate "Ocean governance and maritime security in a placeful environment"; "opportunities for the Peruvian blue economy"; and the "tradition-modernity dichotomy".



Dr Aurélie Gfeller

Aurélie (PhD Princeton University) is a research fellow at the Graduate Institute and the author of *Building a European Identity: France, the United States, and the Oil Shock* (Berghahn Book 2012). Her research on World Heritage has appeared in leading interdisciplinary and history journals, including the *Journal of Global History, the Journal of Social Archaeology, and The American Historical Review.*



Paroma Ghose

Paroma has a BA (MA) in History from the University of Cambridge, and an MDev in Development Studies from the Graduate Institute where she is currently a PhD Candidate in the Department of International History. Her doctoral research looks at the experience of the "outsider" and the notion of belonging in France and uses the lyrics of French Rap songs as the principal archive. Her other interests include nineteenth-century Russian history, South Asian history, and the history of hunger and its eradication.



Dr Jérôme Gygax

Jérôme holds a PhD in International Relations from IHEID. Former visiting scholar at Columbia University (New York), he is working as a regular contributor for the Swiss economic magazine *BILAN*, Print News *Le Courrier* (Geneva) and *La Cité* (Mediapart). His research interests encompass cultural and public diplomacy, strategic security and intelligence, the paradigms of human rights, and terrorism in the Cold War period. He is involved in publication projects covering the role of "network polycentric" communication strategies and their effects on the conduct of foreign policy.



Dr Lisa Komar

Lisa holds a PhD in International History from the Graduate Institute. Her PhD project examined the resettlement of Vietnamese to the United States, Canada, and Australia through the Orderly Departure Programme. She is also an Assistant Editor of the *Refugee Survey Quarterly*. Her research interests include refugees, migration, language policy, and Canadian foreign policy. She is currently a Senior Content Editor at Thomson Reuters in Toronto, Canada.



Professor Joris Larik

Joris is Assistant Professor of Comparative, EU and International Law at Leiden University and Senior Researcher at The Hague Institute for Global Justice. He studied law and international relations in Dresden (BA), Leiden (LLM), and the College of Europe in Bruges (MA). Joris received his PhD from the European University Institute, where he was awarded the 2014 Mauro Cappelletti Prize for the Best Thesis in Comparative Law. He is the author of *Foreign Policy Objectives in European Constitutional Law* (OUP, 2016).

Dr Brigitte Leucht

Brigitte is a Senior Lecturer at the University of Portsmouth. She studied in Vienna (BA/MA), New York University (MA), where she was a Fulbright grantee, and Portsmouth (PhD). Brigitte has taught at a number of institutions including the London School of Economics, the University of Westminster, the University of Copenhagen, and the Graduate Institute. Her research focuses on European integration from a transatlantic and long-term perspective and blends different aspects of twentieth-century economic, political, social and cultural history with the goal of conceiving and writing a history beyond the nation-state.

Dr Mariusz Lukasiewicz

Mariusz holds a B.Com in Economics from the University of Cape Town, South Africa. In 2011 he obtained a MA in Global History from the University of Vienna, Austria. Mariusz recently received his PhD in International History from the Graduate Institute, where he focused on the development of South Africa's economic institutions during the mineral revolution of the late 19th century. His interests include public administration, state-building, comparative economic development, and social reform in Sub-Saharan Africa.

Dr Axel Marion

Axel est titulaire d'un doctorat en histoire et politique internationales de l'IHEID. Il a co-dirigé l'ouvrage Europe Twenty Years after the End of the Cold War/L'Europe vingt ans après la fin de la guerre froide (Peter Lang, 2012) issu du colloque organisé par l'IHEID et la Fondation Pierre du Bois en 2010. Il est actuellement responsable du domaine politique à la conférence des recteurs des hautes écoles suisses et également député au Parlement du canton de Vaud (Suisse). Ses travaux de recherches portent sur la question de l'identité européenne et du rôle du territoire dans le processus de construction de l'UE.

Dr Barbara Martin

Barbara holds a PhD in International History from the Graduate Institute. She is currently a post-doctoral researcher in Moscow (Higher School of Economics) and Bremen, Germany (Forschungsstelle Osteuropa) for an SNFS-funded project on strategies of political action of Soviet dissidents during the Cold War and Perestroika. Her interests include the history of the Holocaust and Holodomor, memory politics, and nationalism in the post-Soviet space. Barbara is also working on the publication of her dissertation under the title Dissident Histories in the Soviet Union: Denouncing Stalin's Crimes from Khrushchev to Perestroika (I.B. Tauris, 2018).

Professor Marek Neuman

Marek is Assistant Professor at the International Relations and International Organization department of the University of Groningen, where he also obtained his PhD degree. His research interests fall into three strands. The first deals with the role Central and Eastern European countries play in the European Union's foreign policy. The second takes particular interest in uncovering the dynamics behind the EU's relations with the Russian Federation and other Eastern European countries. The third, and most recent one, ventures into the area of perception, trying to understand how the European Union's foreign policy is perceived in third countries.













Dr Felix Ohnmacht

Felix obtained his PhD from the Graduate Institute. His research focused on the history of science and medicine and the contexts in which norms of science, medicine, and knowledge were produced. In 2015-2016, Felix was awarded a Fellowship by the Swiss National Science Foundation. He was a researcher at Princeton University and the Max Planck Institute. His wider research interests lie in the fields of sociology, people and markets, and development. He has co-taught over 15 courses at the Graduate Institute and was a visiting instructor at Smith College.



Dr Francesca Piana

Francesca is a historian of European and international history, currently the Journal of Women's History postdoctoral fellow in women's and gender history in the History Department at Binghamton University. Francesca obtained the Pierre du Bois Prize in 2013. Her teaching and research interests include the history of international organizations, transnational movements and NGOs, humanitarian aid and the missions, prisoners of war, refugees, women, and gender in the modern period.



Dr Nathaniel Powell

Nathaniel obtained his PhD in International History from the Graduate Institute. His dissertation focused on French military interventions in Africa during the 1970s and early 1980s. While continuing to pursue this line of research, he is also interested in broader questions of foreign military interventions and civil wars in Africa. He is currently working on a book project focusing on French involvement in the civil wars in Chad during the 1970s and 1980s.



Dr Leonardo Rodríguez Pérez

Leonardo is a graduate of the Universidad Industrial de Santander (Colombia), where he studied political history. He obtained a MA in French political history at Limoges University, and a MA in foreign societies and International Relations from the Sorbonne University Paris I. He holds a PhD in International Studies from IHEID. Currently, he is working as a Human Rights consultant. His main areas of expertise are self-determination, indigenous peoples and minorities rights, traditional knowledge, drug policy, peacebuilding and peacekeeping.



Dr Carlos Rodrigo Sáez-Muñoz

Rodrigo has a BA in History (USA), an MA in International Relations (UK) and a PhD in International Studies with a specialization in International History and Politics from IHEID. His thesis was on privatization of water rights and services by states (with Chile as case study) and the impact of international organizations (e.g., World Bank, OECD, UN) on state decision-making. Rodrigo has experience in international trade, TV production, distribution & management. He is co-editor of the 2017 issue of the annual magazine of the Swiss Society of Americanists, focused on Chile. His current interests include best practices as they relate to the water and energy nexus, reform of the diplomatic sector, and Latin American history.



Farzan Sabet

Farzan is a Stanton Nuclear Security Fellow at the Center for International Security and Cooperation, Stanford University, and a PhD Candidate in International History at the Graduate Institute. His doctoral research is on the Iranian nuclear program, U.S. policy, and non-proliferation regime. Farzan is also an analyst of Iranian and Middle East politics and has written on these topics for the Washington Post, War on the Rocks, Carnegie Endowment, and New America Foundation, among other outlets.

Dr Özcan Yilmaz

Özcan est chargé de cours en histoire internationale au Global Studies Institute de l'Université de Genève. Il a obtenu son doctorat en études internationales à l'IHEID avec une thèse portant sur l'évolution du nationalisme kurde en Turquie. Il a reçu le Prix Pierre du Bois en 2012. Ses recherches portent sur l'histoire des relations internationales, le nationalisme kurde, le Moyen-Orient contemporain, l'Empire ottoman et la Turquie contemporaine. Ses publications incluent notamment La formation de la nation kurde en Turquie (PUF, 2013).

Dr Barbara Zanchetta

Barbara is Lecturer in Diplomacy and Foreign Policy at the Department of War Studies of King's College London. She is the author of The Transformation of American International Power in the 1970s (Cambridge University Press, 2014) and the co-author of Transatlantic Relations since 1945: An Introduction (Routledge, 2012). Currently, she is working on a monograph tentatively titled "The United States and the 'Arc of Crisis': American foreign policy, radical Islam and the end of the Cold War, 1979-1989".

Anciens chercheurs associés

Dr Katrin Milzow

Katrin holds a PhD in International History and Politics from the Graduate Institute, having previously obtained a BA from the University of Oxford and a MA from the University of Brussels. She was awarded the Pierre du Bois Prize in 2008 and is co-editor of the book Europe Twenty Years after the End of the Cold War/L'Europe vingt ans après la fin de la guerre froide (Peter Lang, 2012) which follows the proceedings of a Conference organized in 2010 by the Graduate Institute and the Pierre du Bois Foundation. She currently works for SNSF, where she is Head of Strategy Support.

Johannes Schneider

Licencié ès lettres de l'Université de Lausanne, Johannes obtient en 2007 le Master/ DEA de l'IHEID. Son principal centre d'intérêt est l'histoire contemporaine et la politique étrangère de la Suisse. Après avoir travaillé pour le Département fédéral des Affaires étrangères à Berne et à Paris, il a rejoint le Secrétariat d'Etat à l'économie suisse. Il est actuellement membre du conseil d'administration de la Banque asiatique de développement à Manille.









Le Professeur invité Pierre du Bois Pierre du Bois Visiting Professor



Raúl García-Heras

2015 Pierre du Bois Visiting Professor

Raúl García-Heras

Professor of Economic History In 2012, the Pierre du Bois Foundation started an initiative to support the invitation of a professor of contemporary Latin American history to teach for one semester at the Graduate Institute. This was done in order to offer students the possibility to expand their knowledge regarding the history of this part of the world.

In 2015, the Graduate Institute welcomed Mr Raúl García-Heras, an Argentine historian specialized in business and economic history of modern and contemporary Argentina, as the fourth Pierre du Bois Vising Professor.

At the Graduate Institute, Professor García-Heras taught a seminar on Argentina's importsubstituting industrialization. The course compared Argentina's national experience with those of Brazil and Mexico up to the mid-1970s. He also gave a seminar session on the role of US and West European international banks in the financing of Argentina's economic development and stabilization policies during the Bretton Woods era. This will be the subject of his next book.

Raúl García-Heras is Assistant Professor of economic history at the School of Economics of the University of Buenos Aires, as well as a senior researcher in Argentina's National Scientific Research Council (CONICET). His research fields are the history of foreign business and of economic policy-making in modern and contemporary Argentina. He currently teaches undergraduate courses on the social and economic history of Argentina and is a member of the Editorial Board of "Anuario" of business history studies, which is based at the Centro de Estudios Económicos de la Empresa y el Desarrollo (CEEED) of the University of Buenos Aires.

The Pierre du Bois Visiting Professorship was Mr García-Heras's first major teaching and research experience in Europe. He fondly recalls: "The Graduate Institute is a unique institution. I was offered with the tremendous opportunity to relate my course to broader discussions on Latin American public policy and economic development issues."

On his return to Buenos Aires, he continued to write on the themes he had begun to explore in Geneva with a presentation titled "The Return of International Finance and the Origins of the Martinez de Hoz Economic Plan in Argentina." This paper offered an updated analysis of the international financial strategy of Argentina's military dictatorship of 1976-83 as a case-study of economic liberalization and debt-financed strategy that had previously mostly been compared to the contemporaneous Chilean, Mexican, and Brazilian experiences. In April 2017 he completed the revision of two articles on a similar theme that are under consideration in international scholarly journals.



Valeria Manzano

n 2016, the Graduate Institute welcomed Mrs. Valeria Manzano, an Argentine historian specialized in modern Latin American history as the fifth Pierre du Bois Visiting Professor at the Graduate Institute.

At the Institute, Professor Manzano taught a course on "Culture, Politics and Sexuality in the Long Latin American Sixties", and how these themes were shaped in the continental imaginary, with particular reference to revolutionary projects. She also delivered a public lecture entitled "Youth and Politics in 20th Century Latin America: a view from the Southern Cone countries". Professor Manzano is in the process of completing two book projects: one related to drug policies, representations, and consumption in twentieth-century Argentina, and the other on a history of youth political participation in the democratic transitions in the Southern Cone of Latin America.

Valeria Manzano is Associate Professor of History at the Instituto de Altos Estudios Sociales, as well as Associate Researcher at the Consejo Nacional de Investigaciones Científicas y Técnicas (CONICET). Following her undergraduate studies in History at the University of Buenos Aires, she completed a Doctorate in Modern Latin American History at the University of Indiana, United States, in 2009. Her research interests lie in the history of youth movements, the intersection of politics and sexuality, and the cultural and political dimensions of illegal drugs in modern Latin America, among others, with an emphasis on Argentina.

Amongst several other publications, she co-edited a book entitled *Los sesenta de otra manera:* vida cotidiana, género y sexualidad en la Argentina (The 60s Otherwise: Everyday Life, Gender and Sexuality in Argentina) published in 2010, and authored a book entitled *The Age of Youth: Culture, Politics, and Sexuality from Perón to Videla*, published in 2014.

The Pierre du Bois Visiting Professorship was Mrs. Manzano's first major research experience in Europe. ■

2016 Pierre du Bois Visiting Professor

Valeria Manzano

Professor of History

Les colloques Conferences



Geir Lundestad, Jussi Hanhimäki, Andrea Chiampan, Leopoldo Nuti and Christian Ostermann at the 2015 Conference in Geneva

24 - 26 September 2015

The 2015 Conference

The Great Transformation? Reassessing the Causes and Consequences of the End of the Cold War The theme of the 2015 Annual Pierre du Bois Conference was "The Great Transformation? Reassessing the Causes and Consequences of the End of the Cold War". The Pierre du Bois Conference is organized annually by the Graduate Institute in partnership with the Fondation Pierre du Bois.

The panels and roundtables explored a variety of different themes including the role of political leaders, and economic and political factors in ending the Cold War; emerging American policies following the rise of Islamism; the emergence of non-state actors; nuclear arms control; the transformation of "the international"; and the legacy of the Cold War on US-Russia relations. Through these, current American-Russian and European-Russian relations were put into historical perspective. Case-studies spawned Romania, Afghanistan, China, Germany (East and West), Poland, Hungary, and Estonia, as well as more thematic subjects such as US-Iran relations, multilateral negotiations, and a discussion on accessing sources on the end of the Cold War, including reflections on sources in a digital age.

During the conference, there were two notable keynote addresses. The first was Geir Lundestad's speech entitled "A prize winning performance: Mikhail Gorbachev, the Nobel Peace Prize and the End of the Cold War", which argued that Gorbachev's decisions on a more open government, the initiation of reforms in the Soviet Union, and his repudiation of the use of force to crush public protests motivated the Committee's decision to award the prize. The second address was delivered by Odd Arne Westad, whose speech was entitled "Did the Cold War really matter?" Westad argued that the Cold War should not be considered the central theme of the 20th century. He underlined that the Cold War should be decentralized in the search for its effect in the periphery in order to better situate the Cold War within the broader evolution of the 20th century.

Overall, the participants emphasized that a binary approach to the study of the Cold War prevented a more nuanced development of its history. The end of the Cold War should be seen not only as a result of evolving US-USSR relations, but as a process where European developments also played a crucial role. The US perception of victory, in fact, made it assume that it could dictate the terms of the new European settlement, in essence excluding Russia from the post-Cold War order. The Cold War and its ending certainly mattered in shaping the international system that emerged in the 1990s, but it mattered in ways that may not yet be fully understood. The history of the end of the Cold War and its impact is, indeed, still being written.

The conference was convened by Professor Jussi Hanhimäki, Dr Barbara Zanchetta and Dr Bernhard Blumenau. Publications from the conference will be shortly forthcoming.



Aidan Russell, Riina Turtio and Lola Wilhelm at the 2016 Conference in Geneva

The eighth Annual Conference of the Pierre du Bois Foundation for Current History was organized by Professor Aidan Russell from the Graduate Institute and took place on 29 and 30 September 2016 in Geneva. It proposed a multifaceted exploration of the manifestations of silence in the context of repressive regimes and other violent historical settings throughout the 20th century. Taking a wide selection of national, and sometimes transnational, case studies, the 19 papers exposed some common tropes, binding experiences of silence in seemingly different social, cultural, and political contexts. The panel discussions revolved around four recurring, often interwoven sets of questions: the individual and collective experiences of silence; the (geo)politics of silence and its use as an instrument by repressive regimes or other warring parties; the legal attempts at breaking silence; and the methodological implications of silence for the writing of history.

A number of papers proposed a description of individual and collective experiences of silence, whether self- or externally imposed, amongst those at the receiving end of violence. Memory, individual recollections and testimonies, and recognition, were contrasted with occurrences of amnesia and laconism, indifference, and silencing. The presentations tackled a number of different country-based studies, ranging from Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Kenya, and the Great Lakes Region in Africa, to Sri Lanka, Iraq, Kuwait, and Indonesia in Asia, and Peru in South America, to name a few. They also took more transnational or thematic perspectives on the US intervention in Guatemala, Argentina, and Chile, the history of the Armenian genocide, and reflections on the abuse of sexual violence in history.

Also, many papers contributed to a conversation on the methodological implications of silence for the writing of history. On a practical level, the control of narratives was paramount to many oppressive regimes' survival, and included the forcible re-writing of national myths, memories, and histories, as well as the spreading of rumors and calumny to vilify already vic-timized or targeted groups. Although the repression of free speech and political silencing has been increasingly documented since the 1970s by political and human rights activists, the task of retrieving voices, facts, and truths remains an unwavering challenge for historians and tribunals alike.

The proceedings were concluded with the wishes that the questions put forth may contribute to further historical inquiries into the meanings of silences, and absences, and help historians make inroads into the intricacy of these experiences in future research. Publications from the conference will be shortly forthcoming.

29 - 30 September 2016

The 2016 Conference

Histories of the Unspoken: Truth, Silence and Violence in Emerging States

La conférence annuelle Annual Lecture



12 November 2015

Ivan Krastev

Chairman of the Centre for Liberal Strategies, and founding Board member of the European Council on Foreign Relations

The Imitation Game: Russia and the West The 2015 Annual Pierre du Bois Lecture was given by Ivan Krastev, Chairman of the Centre for Liberal Strategies, and founding Board member of the European Council on Foreign Relations. The Pierre du Bois Lecture is organized annually by the Graduate Institute in partnership with the Fondation Pierre du Bois. Ivan Krastev spoke on the theme of "Russia and the West", a relationship he termed "the Imitation Game".

Russia, Ivan Krastev argued, knows the West better than the West knows Russia. Russians wanted to "live like the West"; it was a model to emulate, and therefore knowledge of its intricacies was indispensable, and desirable. Yet, this invested interest was a one-way road. Mr Krastev suggested that the West remained unsure of how to consider post-Cold War Russia and tended to reduce Russian behaviour to an interpretation of President Putin's mind. The Yugoslavia crisis was the turning point in these relations, with Russia's views on the West changing from mostly positive, to negative.

Part of Russia's foreign policy can be explained as "reverse-engineering". By mirroring Western actions, it aimed to de-legitimize the international order by imitating the West that "acted", rather than the one that "talked" so that Russia's perspective was better understood. The West tended to moralize others, while rarely practicing what they preached. The rationale was that the current international system was dominated by the West, and this was a major obstacle to Russia's interests. On the other hand, Russia's geopolitical power was not sufficiently developed for it to be the power it wished.

Mr. Krastev proposed that through the rigging of elections for which the result was already certain (given the lack of viable opposition), and the dramatization of state lies to its people, Russia has continued to satirically provoke the Western world and its liberal morals, which jar with the West's often conservative actions. The Soviet understanding of Western democracy was that both freedom of speech and democracy were a farce and served the interests of an elite alone. A great deal of protesters in the West today, Mr. Krastev claimed, would agree.

By juxtaposing Soviet impressions of the West, with Western impressions of Russia today, derived, and still not divorced from a Cold War past, Mr. Krastev presented the sharp tip of the iceberg of relations that the West has yet to uncover. His speech was followed by a lively debate, with some students proposing counter-examples of Russian policy, while others brought a more international angle by referencing other emerging powers.

Les publications des colloques Conference Publications

The Pierre du Bois Foundation contributed to the publication of a variety of books, articles, and special issues. These publications were often the result of prior conferences or events supported by the Foundation.

Transnational Anti-Communism and the Cold War

Luc van Dongen, Stéphanie Roulin and Giles Scott-Smith, Palgrave Macmillan, 2014.



This book is the result of the 2011 Conference «Les dimensions transnationales de l'anticommunisme de guerre froide: actions, réseaux, transferts» organized by the Université de Fribourg with the support of the Fondation Pierre du Bois. The book covers the aims, arguments, and associations of a range of transnational anti-communist activists during the Cold War. It demonstrates the complex array of forces, factions and frictions that were active during the Cold War, and explores new fields of research regarding how far anti-communism was actually planned, coordinated, and structured across Western nations.

The Fragments Imagine the Nation? Minorities in the Modern Middle East and North Africa

Jordi Tejel Gorgas and Benjamin Thomas White, British Journal of Middle Eastern Studies, Vol. 43, N° 2, 2016.



This special issue of *BJMES* has its origins in a workshop entitled "The Fragments Imagine the Nation? Minorities in the colonial and postcolonial Middle East" which took place in November 2013 at the Graduate Institute in Geneva, with the support of the Fondation Pierre du Bois. It was organized by Professor Jordi Tejel from the Graduate Institute and Professor Benjamin Thomas White from Birmingham University. In this special issue of *BJMES*, the authors attempted to develop nuanced approaches to minority politics in the Middle East. They do this in a collection of articles from a range of disciplines such as history, comparative literature, religious studies, and politics.

Neutrality and Neutralism in the Global Cold War. Between or within the blocs?



Sandra Bott, Jussi M. Hanhimäki, Janick Marina Schaufelbuehl, and Marco Wyss (eds.), Routledge, 2015.



Sandra Bott, Jussi M. Hanhimäki, Janick Marina Schaufelbuehl, and Marco Wyss (eds.), Special Issue of *The International History Review*, Vol. 37, N° 5, 2015.



«Suisse et Guerre froide dans le tiersmonde», numéro spécial de *Relations Internationales*, 2015/3 (N° 163). In 2014 the Pierre du Bois Foundation supported the International Conference "The Role of the Neutrals and Non-Aligned in the Global Cold War, 1949-1989." This Conference was jointly organized by Professor Jussi M. Hanhimäki of the Graduate Institute and the University of Lausanne, which was represented by Professor Janick Marina Schaufelbuehl, Dr Sandra Bott, and Dr Marco Wyss. There have been several projects that have explored the role of the third-world in the Cold War, particularly since 2015. However, the significance of neutral countries in general, and Switzerland in particular, during the Cold War in the third-world has, as of yet, garnered little research. It is in an effort to address these gaps that the three publications from this international conference were issued.

Le Prix Pierre du Bois The Pierre du Bois Prize



Dr Jaclyn Granick avec Davide Rodogno

Le Prix Pierre du Bois récompense la meilleure thèse de doctorat en histoire du temps présent soutenue au cours de l'année écoulée à l'Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement à Genève, dans l'unité d'histoire internationale. Il est doté d'une valeur de 5000 CHF.

Prix Pierre du Bois 2015

Le Prix Pierre du Bois 2015 a été décerné au Dr Jaclyn Granick pour sa thèse intitulée "Humanitarian Responses to Jewish Suffering Abroad by American Jewish Organizations, 1914-1929" et soutenue sous la direction du Professeur Davide Rodogno.

Humanitarian Responses to Jewish Suffering Abroad by American Jewish Organizations, 1914-1929

This thesis details the responses of American Jewish organizations to the humanitarian crises and general suffering of Jews abroad during and after the European crisis of World War I. It locates these organizations accordingly in the evolving system of organized internationalist humanitarianism centered in Europe, but with American associations stepping into the arena for the first time. It argues that during and after the Great War, American Jewish overseas philanthropy was a form of political internationalism, connected to American soft diplomacy and social reform efforts, which avoided the League of Nations, entangling alliances, or explicit articulations of a Jewish internationalism or nationalism. Yet, Jewish humanitarianism wandered into American foreign policy and empire building accidentally, due to the contingencies and opportunities involved in navigating a wartime political landscape. This research is based on archival research conducted in Geneva, Jerusalem, New York, Washington, and Cincinnati. It demonstrates the evolution of the focus of American Jewish organizations from channeling funds and finding information in wartime through European Jewish organizations, to direct palliative relief shortly after the war coordinated from Paris, to local reconstruction and rehabilitation efforts aimed at reviving Jewish civil society in the 1920s, revealing the importance of non-state and minority actors in shaping international approaches to humanitarian activity. This work sits at and contributes to the interface between twentieth-century American and European transnational history, the history of international humanitarian organizations, and modern Jewish history.



Dr Emmanuel Dalle Mulle entouré de Philippe Burrin, Davide Rodogno et Irina du Bois

Prix Pierre du Bois 2016

Le Prix Pierre du Bois 2016 a été décerné au Dr Emmanuel Dalle Mulle pour sa thèse intitulée "The Nationalism of the Rich: Discourses and Strategies of Separatist Parties in Catalonia, Flanders, Scotland and Padania" et soutenue sous la direction du Professeur André Liebich.

The Nationalism of the Rich: Discourses and Strategies of Separatist Parties in Catalonia, Flanders, Scotland and Padania

This thesis inquires into "the nationalism of the rich", i.e., a form of nationalist discourse that aims to put an end to the exploitation of a "wealthy nation" on the part of poorer regions and/ or inefficient state structures. It consists of a comparative analysis of the discourse of five separatist parties in some Western European regions and aims to: show that the nationalism of the rich is a novelty in the history of nationalism; examine in details how it has been formulated by the parties analyzed; identify what factors have favoured its development and success. The study relies on a most different systems design whereby the nationalism of the rich is the main variable shared across the sample. By dissecting this narrative it thus seeks to find common explanatory factors. The thesis identifies three main rhetorical strategies successfully used by the parties analyzed: an instrumental argument for independence, a gradualist approach to secession, and a cultural-determinist explanation of socio-economic development. In a longer historical perspective, it underlines the role played across all the cases by the foundation of extensive forms of automatic redistribution and the exceptional economic conditions under which they were established that greatly reduced the political costs of their creation. The nationalism of the rich would therefore be a consequence of the end of the Glorious Thirties, although limited to a context in which there is a sub-state national cleavage that coincides with clear imbalances in economic performances between areas of the same country and cases of major public policy failure enabling the framing of fiscal protest in national terms.

Les bourses Pierre du Bois Pierre du Bois Scholarships



Stan Mencke

Les bourses Pierre du Bois sont des bourses d'excellence offertes chaque année à deux étudiants admis au programme de doctorat et/ou de Master dans l'unité d'histoire internationale de l'Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement à Genève. Pendant quelques années, elles ont été destinées en particulier à des étudiants latino-américains, car Pierre du Bois était très attaché à l'Amérique latine et souhaitait permettre à un plus grand nombre d'étudiants de cette région de se former à l'Institut. A partir de 2015, la provenance géographique des boursiers a été élargie. Ces bourses d'un montant de 20'000 CHF chacune exemptent les boursiers du paiement des taxes semestrielles de l'Institut et sont d'une durée d'un an.

Les boursiers de l'année académique 2015-2016

Deux bourses ont été accordées à des étudiants en histoire internationale à l'IHEID pour l'année académique 2015-2016: une bourse de Master en première année à Stan Mencke, originaire des Pays-Bas, et une bourse de doctorat également en première année à Mostafa Ahmed Abdellatif, originaire d'Égypte.

Stan Mencke

Stan Mencke, a Dutch-born citizen who spent most of his time in the Republic of Ireland, conducted his studies at Leiden University College: The Hague, and obtained his Global Justice degree in 2015. Later that year he came to the Graduate Institute in Geneva to add to his knowledge of international law and international relations by researching the histories of revolution and terrorism. His current research focuses on the international networks and contacts between commercial and legal organizations in the British Empire (1887-1908). Particularly, he considers financial fraud, mining, and the value of (legal) information for international investors, showing how new technologies were (partially) exploited for monetary ends. His general research includes the history of international law, the role of journalism in conflicts, while still maintaining a solid interest in the study of terrorism. Presently he is seeking to work in international politics and business before turning to a PhD on legal history.



Vassily A. Klimentov

Mostafa Ahmed Abdellatif

Mostafa Ahmed Abdellatif, an Egyptian citizen, obtained a Bachelor of Arts from the History Department of the Faculty of Arts in Assuit University, Egypt, in 2007. He then pursued further studies at the Institute of African Research and Studies (IAFRS) in Cairo University, graduating with a Diploma of African Studies in 2010. He continued his studies at Cairo University with a Master in Modern and Contemporary History, graduating in 2015: his thesis topic was on the colonial exploitation of the Congo Free State (1885-1908), a case study of the economics of rubber plantations. In November of the same year, he began his doctoral studies at the International History Department of the Graduate Institute. He has participated in several conferences and workshops, and has published in a variety of different media. His wider research interests include the economic history of Africa, particularly Central and Southern Africa, labour, economic development, and economic growth.

Le boursier de l'année académique 2016-2017

Vassily A. Klimentov, originaire de Suisse et de Russie, a commencé son doctorat en histoire internationale à l'IHEID au début de l'année académique 2016-2017.

Vassily A. Klimentov

Vassily Klimentov, a Swiss and Russian citizen, graduated with a Bachelor in History and Russian Studies from the University of Geneva in 2008, a Master in History from the University of Geneva in 2011, and an interdisciplinary Master in Asian Studies – a joint program between the University of Geneva and the Graduate Institute – also in 2011. After his studies, he collaborated with several international humanitarian NGOs, and has been deployed for missions to Central Asia, the Central African Republic, Mali, and the Middle East. In 2014-2015, Vassily worked on the Syrian crisis as a humanitarian needs assessment officer, researcher, and conflict analyst.

In 2016, Vassily returned to Geneva to begin his doctoral studies at the International History Department of the Graduate Institute. His research focuses on the role played by the fight against Islamism in shaping Soviet and Russian foreign and domestic policy since 1978. Vassily's other research interests relate to the study of terrorism and political violence in the ex-USSR, as well as to the international history of the Cold War.

Les subsides Grants

L a Fondation soutient des recherches sur l'histoire du temps présent, en accordant des subsides à l'organisation de colloques et d'autres manifestations, et en soutenant des publications et des projets originaux et de qualité.

27 April 2015

China's Seapower in Perspective: The Historical and Cultural Dimension

Workshop held at the University of Lancaster

This one-day workshop was organized by Dr Basil Germond from the University of Lancaster and funded by the Pierre du Bois Foundation. The conference contributed to the ongoing academic debate on China's (seemingly growing) seapower by demonstrating that current developments in Chinese seapower cannot be fully understood without references to the cultural dimension of seapower, notably the history of China's maritime culture. Participants in the workshop included Lancaster faculty members and PhD students.

The workshop resulted in the publication of a Foundation Paper "Current Affairs in Perspective" as well as an academic article (currently under review) titled "China and the Sea: Understanding China's Sea Power through the Lens of Historical Memory" by PhD students. Both publications analyze China's renewed interest in sea power through the lens of historical memory. This concept is used to unpack a common narrative seen to recur in many of China's recent white papers: rejuvenation from humiliation. An analysis of sea power elements and dynamics from the Southern Song, Yuan, Ming and Qing Dynasties illustrates the historical and cultural construction of the rejuvenation from humiliation narratives. Those narratives allow understanding China's turn to the sea in two ways: 1) as a defensive response to prevent future humiliation; and 2) as an effort to reclaim past glories through rejuvenation. Understanding how current policies are influenced by historical memory is essential for comprehending the present and future of China's sea power.

7-8 May 2015

States and Terrorism: An Ambivalent Relationship

Conference held at the Graduate Institute in Geneva

This conference was organized by Professor Jussi Hanhimäki and Dr Bernhard Blumenau of the Graduate Institute and supported by the Fondation Pierre du Bois as well as the Fonds National Suisse. The event provided an excellent opportunity for international researchers to exchange ideas about the relationship between the state and terrorism, as well as the many different levels of cooperation and confrontation between them. It did so by scrutinizing the historical background to this relationship with an overview that ranged from Polish resistance to Russian rule in the 19th century, the Israel-Palestine complex, Carlos the Jackal, East German and Polish support to terrorism, as well as diplomatic relations between Western countries and those using state terror. A keynote address was given by Professor Mohammad-Mahmoud Ould Mohamedou who addressed issues relating to the Islamic State. The results of this conference will be published as a special journal issue.

3 June 2016

Aid to Armenia. Armenia and Armenians in International History

Workshop held at the Birkbeck College of the University of London

This workshop took place at Birkbeck College, University of London and was organized by Dr Jo Laycock and Dr Francesca Piana. The workshop enlarged the narrow perspective of Armenian history that, over time, has privileged questions of violence, survival and denial over other overlapping historical processes. It did so by framing the history of Armenia and Armenians within current discussions and preoccupations in international and global history, such as total war, peace, humanitarian aid, reconstruction, and sovereignty. The workshop was particularly keen in engaging with recent historiographical contributions, which appeared mostly in 2015, in coincidence with the 100th anniversary of the Armenian genocide. To this end, a group of scholars gathered at Birkbeck College: historians, political scientists, anthropologists, and legal scholars engaged in discussions about what it meant and still does to help Armenia and Armenians.

9-11 juin 2016

Quatrièmes Journées suisses d'histoire «Pouvoir(s)»

Congrès de l'Université de Lausanne

Les Quatrièmes Journées suisses d'histoire qui ont eu lieu à l'Université de Lausanne en 2016 ont été organisées par la Société suisse d'histoire et par l'Université de Lausanne représentée par cinq Facultés. Soutenues, entre autres, par la Fondation Pierre du Bois, ces Journées ont rencontré un très grand succès en attirant près de 900 personnes dont plus de 400 intervenant(e)s de la Suisse et de l'étranger. Le thème du congrès «Pouvoir(s)» a donné lieu à des contributions marquées par l'interdisciplinarité, dans le cadre de 100 panels et de plus de 250 interventions. De l'histoire ancienne à l'histoire contemporaine, les discussions stimulantes ont offert de nouvelles interprétations, soulevé des questions méthodologiques et ouvert des perspectives originales de recherche. Le programme comprenait également quelques conférences principales, des tables rondes portant sur des débats d'actualité en histoire, et des communications sur des projets de recherche en cours.

3 November 2016

International Organisations and Terrorism

Workshop held at the University of St. Andrews

This workshop, organized by Dr Bernhard Blumenau of the University of St. Andrews and supported by the Pierre du Bois Foundation, addressed the role that global and regional institutions have been playing in antiterrorism both at present and in the past. In order to do so comprehensively, the workshop assessed not only current issues in international antiterrorism efforts on the level of the EU and the UN as well as ASEAN, but also looked at the genesis of multilateral antiterrorism measures and regimes negotiated within the framework of international organizations (IOs). Therefore papers on the UN mission to Congo in the 1960s and the role that the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) has played in antiterrorism were also presented. A keynote address was given by the Rector of the University of St Andrews and MEP Catherine Stihler, as well as the Chairman of the European Parliament Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs, Claude Moraes, MEP. The findings of the conference will be published in an edited volume.

Les Papiers d'actualité Current Affairs in Perspective



Illustrations du conflit Russie-Ukraine et du "Brexit"

Papiers publiés en 2015

N° 1 et 2, janvier et février 2015

Ebola, a Global Health Emergency Dr Shaloma Gauthier, Research Associate, Pierre du Bois Foundation for Current History Ebola: Reaction versus Resolution Paroma R. Ghose, PhD Candidate, The Graduate Institute, Geneva

N° 3, mars 2015

Dénonciation russe du nationalisme ukrainien comme «fascisme»: aux origines d'une rhétorique de diabolisation (1917-2015) Barbara Martin, PhD Candidate, The Graduate Institute, Geneva

N° 4, avril 2015

Cracked Rear View: The Uses and Abuses of Financial History in the 2008 Crisis Professor Trevin Stratton, American University in Dubai, Dubai

N° 5, juin 2015

Dr. Ruth A. Parmelee: witnessing the Armenian Genocide and (re)negotiating the Self Dr Francesca Piana, Post-doctoral Fellow of the Swiss National Science Foundation, honorary research fellow at the Department of History, Classics and Archaeology of Birkbeck College

N° 6, juillet 2015

Twenty Years After: The Dayton Accords, Legacies and Opportunities in Bosnia and Herzegovina Anca Doina Cretu, PhD Candidate, The Graduate Institute, Geneva

N° 7, septembre 2015

Quelques réflexions sur l'euro et son avenir Gilles Grin, Directeur de la Fondation Jean Monnet pour l'Europe à Lausanne, chargé de cours à l'Université de Lausanne

N° 8, novembre 2015

"13/11": Terror in Paris. Context and Implications Dr Bernhard Blumenau, Lecturer in International Relations, Centre for the Study of Terrorism and Political Violence, School of International Relations, University of St Andrews

N° 9, décembre 2015

A Luta Continua: entangled histories of Southern Africa four decades on Caio Simões de Araújo, PhD Candidate, The Graduate Institute, Geneva

Papiers publiés en 2016

N° 1, janvier 2016

China and the Sea: Understanding China's Contemporary Sea Power via the Historical Memory Approach Emma Williams, Andrew Taylor and Wilson Chan, Lancaster University

N° 2, février 2016

Helmut Schmidt, the elder world statesman: chancellor, commentator, and cigarette-lover Dr Bernhard Blumenau, Lecturer in International Relations, Centre for the Study of Terrorism and Political Violence, School of International Relations, University of St Andrews

N° 3, mars 2016

The Confiscation of Our Co-Citizens' Passports within the ISIS Context: Reflections on the State's Passport Regime, Past and Present Dr Sabina Donati, Research Associate, Pierre du Bois Foundation for Current History

N° 4, avril 2016

La commémoration: un outil complexe au service de l'histoire Olivier Meuwly, Historian, Specialist in the history of political parties

N° 5, mai 2016

Jews of Arab Countries: Between Identity Politics and Historiography Aline Schlaepfer, Associate Professor, Université de Genève-American University of Beirut

N° 6, juillet 2016

"Brexit" in Historical Perspective Daniel Kenealy, Specialist Adviser, Senior Vice Principal's Office, Lecturer, School of Social & Political Science, University of Edinburgh

N° 7, août 2016

The Greek Debt Tragedy: An Ongoing Odyssey Felix Matthys, Postdoctoral Research Fellow, Bendheim Center for Finance, Princeton University

N° 8, novembre 2016

Catalonia-Spain: at the roots of the current confrontation Emmanuel Dalle Mulle, PhD, SNSF Research Fellow, Centrum voor Sociologisch Onderzoek – KU Leuven

Prochains événements Upcoming Events

Mai 2017

Publication du quatrième **Rapport d'activité/Activity Report 2015-2016** de la Fondation Pierre du Bois pour l'histoire du temps présent.

14, 15 and 16 September 2017

The Pierre du Bois Foundation supports the Conference **Shaping Education in the (Post)Colonial World: Actors, Paradigms, Entanglements, 1880-1980** organized jointly by Dr Damiano Matasci, University of Lausanne, and the University of Coimbra.

15 septembre 2017 et 14 septembre 2018

Le Prix Pierre du Bois est attribué à la meilleure thèse dans le domaine de l'histoire du temps présent soutenue pendant l'année académique 2016-2017 et 2017-2018 à l'Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement à Genève, dans l'unité d'histoire internationale.

27 and 28 September 2017

The Annual Pierre du Bois Conference 2017 Elusive State Building: The Middle East and North Africa 1917-2017 is organized by Professor Mohammad-Mahmoud Ould Mohamedou, the Graduate Institute in Geneva, in partnership with the Pierre du Bois Foundation.

27 and 28 September 2018

The Annual Pierre du Bois Conference 2018 Environmental History in the Anthropocene: Human Archives, Natural Archives and the Rethinking of the Past, the Present, and the "Archeology" of the Future is organized by Professor Susanna B. Hecht, the Graduate Institute in Geneva, in partnership with the Pierre du Bois Foundation.

Années académiques 2017-2018 et 2018-2019

Deux nouvelles bourses Pierre du Bois sont offertes à de très bons étudiants pour préparer un doctorat d'histoire internationale à l'Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement à Genève.

Rejoignez-nous! Join us!



Si vous êtes intéressé(e)s par l'histoire du temps présent, si vous avez des projets qui vous tiennent à cœur et que nous pouvons vous aider à réaliser, si vous voulez participer aux activités et au développement de la Fondation Pierre du Bois, Contactez-nous! Faites-nous part de vos idées, critiques et suggestions!

If you are interested in current history, if you have a project that is close to your heart and that we can help you to pursue, if you want to participate in the activities and the development of the Pierre du Bois Foundation, Please contact us! Share your ideas, comments and recommendations with us!

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